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Human Occupancy: A Non-Invasive Solution

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Motivation

- There is currently little information on the level of human presence in most buildings.
- Difficulties occur when attempting to find an available space within a given location.

- Increase quality of life by reducing required time when searching for an available location.
- Maintain privacy for end users—don't track identifying characteristics.
- Provide seamless integration with one's surroundings through innovative distribution of information.
- Spatially optimize business functionalities through statistical analysis given area usage data.
- Small form factor—allow for system hardware to not be cumbersome.
- Independent mesh network to communicate through harsh conditions.

embedded system is used as the **Occupancy Detection System. Qt**

framework that allows

interfaces. It also enables serial communication between devices. In order to make development as fluid as possible, Qt executables are placed on the Raspberry Pi via cross compilation from a PC

- microcontrollers.

We would like to personally thank all of the faculty at VCU for molding us to be the engineers we are today. In particular, Dr. Cabral for his wisdom, Dr. Xiao for his enthusiasm, Dr. Filippas for "being the man," and Dr. Klenke for always relating school to industry. This also would not have been possible without our awesome grad TA, Matthew Leccadito.

Design Overview

 The system is comprised of a single Raspberry Pi and a network of ATmega328P microcontrollers.

XBee modules with DigiMesh firmware reliably handle sending and receiving of data amongst

Each ATmega328P handles I2C transactions between an Omron thermal sensor as well as a digital reading from a Pyroelectric sensor. Acquired data is then broadcast using serial communication and a 2.4 GHz XBee module.

• All data is collected on the Raspberry Pi, from which it is displayed, and saved into a timestamped file for future analysis.

Acknowledgements

Make it real.