For I Know the Plans I Have for You: God Locus of Control, Spiritual Change, and Death Anxiety in Primary Brain Tumor Patients

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A total of 56 participants. The mean age was 49.38 years. Spiritual Change
Death Anxiety; p
Average time since diagnosis was 55.34 months (SD = 15.07; range = 20-87)
No study to date has considered the relationship between religiosity/spirituality and death-related distress in PBT patients

To explore the prevalence of and relationship between religiosity/spirituality and death-related distress in PBT patients using multiple assessments tools

METHODS
Participants diagnosed with PBT received information on this study and provided consent at a routine clinic visits
Participants completed a short battery of questionnaires that assessed quality of life, including measures of religiosity/spirituality and death-related distress
Information on patient demographics, diagnosis, and treatment was obtained from the patients' medical records

A total of 56 participants with a PBT completed the study
The mean age was 49.38 years (SD = 15.07; range = 20-87)
Average time since diagnosis was 55.34 months (SD = 15.07; range = 20-87)

Using IBM SPSS Version 26:
- Analyzed sample means, standard deviations, and prevalence rates using descriptive statistics and frequencies
- Explored the relationship between religiosity/spirituality and death-related distress using Pearson correlations

REFERENCES

Note: All correlations are Pearson’s r. **Indicates significance at the .01 level (2-sided)