Combination of Music and Aromatherapy to Improve the Efficiency of Motor Functions and Speech in Patients Paralyzed From Stroke.

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Smelling Sounds: The Combination of Music and Aromatherapy to Improve the Efficiency of Motor Functions and Speech in Patients Paralyzed From Stroke.

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Introduction:
Currently the fifth leading cause of death and the highest cause of disability in the United States, stroke is a disease that can target anyone at anytime. A stroke is an attack on the brain that occurs when oxygen flow to the brain is unavailable. The oxygen-deprived brain cells degenerate and functions that are controlled by the area of the brain that has been affected are lost. Abilities such as motor and speech functions, muscle control, and memories are jeopardized. A small stroke may result in minor problems such as muscle pain, weakness or discomfort. However, a larger stroke may lead to problems such as muscle pain, weakness or jeopardized. A small stroke may result in minor functions, muscle control, and memories are jeopardized. The ability of stroke is a disease that can target anyone at anytime.

Physiotherapy is a healthcare profession that aims to diagnose, and repair disease and disability through training mechanisms. Various third world nations that do not have easy access to western medicine opt to use ayurvedic methods of healing. Ayurvedic treatment is based on natural practices using various techniques that do not involve drug based western medicine. The idea of this way of healing is to avoid antioxidants and toxic materials to treat patients, but rather to utilize products and practices such as herbs, minerals, and metals in massage therapy, aromatherapy and a multitude of approaches.

Conclusions:
Music and aromatherapy are more effective when administered together because stimulating both the auditory and olfactory system allows for transduction between the two hemispheres of the brain, therefore prompting transduction between the two systems as well as reticulospinal pathways that connect the spinal cord to the brain. Using aromatherapy for post-stroke symptoms is most effective when using oils from herbs such as lavender, turmeric, A. calamus and Gingko biloba. This is mainly because they have strong scents that can effect the stimulation of pathways in the spinal cord. Music therapy can also affect pathways that lead to the brain in the same manner and can lead to the activation of deactivated pathways to prompt muscle function and motor movement.

Methods:
Physiotherapy is a healthcare profession that aims to diagnose, and repair disease and disability through training mechanisms. Various third world nations that do not have easy access to western medicine opt to use ayurvedic methods of healing. Ayurvedic treatment is based on natural practices using various techniques that do not involve drug based western medicine. The idea of this way of healing is to avoid antioxidants and toxic materials to treat patients, but rather to utilize products and practices such as herbs, minerals, and metals in massage therapy, aromatherapy and a multitude of approaches.

Results:

Results were obtained through research of various databases and the study of multiple previous studies.

Aromatherapy Treatment using A. calamus and Gingko biloba:
Aromatherapy using oils extracted from lavender and Gingko biloba, has the ability to inhibit apoptosis. The inhibition of apoptosis will prevent the degeneration of valuable brain cells, therefore retaining valuable cells that store memories in the hippocampus and cells that originate motor functions as well as speech.

Entrainment Mechanisms in Rhythm Perception
Entrainment is musical processing by the brain in response to rhythm perception. Rhythm perception refers to the brains ability to sync up rhythms with external auditory stimuli that will trigger a response in motor or speech functions. By allowing aromatherapy to be administered in combination with music therapy, patients have a chance at obtaining motor functions faster as the brain engages in musical processing that can also prompt non-musical learning.

Correlating the Olfactory and Auditory Systems Through Transduction:
Transduction refers to the notion of various sensory systems throughout the body working together in order to relay information. In this case, the auditory and olfactory systems function as one in order to obtain the most effective response from a sound and a scent combined. Either the auditory or the olfactory will be stimulated by external stimuli and will circulate the information to the other sensory systems. When discussed in relation to brain function, transduction will allow the auditory and olfactory systems to share information in order to emit an appropriate motor function or to assist in memory retention.

Works Cited:

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